FDC3260

Advanced Features Triple Channel 60A Brushed DC Motor Controller with USB and CAN



RoboteQ's FDC3260 is a feature-packed, high-current, triple channel controller for brushed DC motors. The controller features a high-performance 32-bit microcomputer and quadrature encoder inputs to perform advanced motion control algorithms. The motors may be operated in open or closed loop speed mode, position mode or in torque mode.

The FDC3260 features several Analog, Pulse and Digital I/ Os which can be remapped as command or feedback inputs, limit switches, or many other functions. The FDC3260 accepts commands received from an RC radio, Analog Joystick, wireless modem, PLC, or microcomputer. For mobile robot applications, two of the controller's three motor channels can either be operated independently or mixed to move and steer a vehicle. Using CAN bus, up to 127 controllers can be networked at up to 1Mbit/s on a single twisted pair.

Numerous safety features are incorporated into the controller to ensure reliable and safe operation. The controller's operation can be extensively automated and customized using Basic Language scripts. The controller can be configured, monitored and tuned in real-time using a RoboteQ's free PC utility. The controller can also be reprogrammed in the field with the latest features by downloading new operating software from Roboteq.

Applications

- Motion simulators
- XYZ platforms
- Underwater Robotic Vehicles
- Stabilization Gimbals
- Machine tools
- Industrial automation
- Telepresence Systems
- Animatronics

Key Features

- USB, RS323, RS485, 0-5V Analog, or Pulse (RC radio) command modes
- CAN bus interface up to 1Mbit/s with multiple protocol support
- Auto switch between Serial, USB, CAN, Analog, or Pulse based on user-defined priority
- Built-in dual 3-phase high-power drivers for three brushed DC motor at up to 60A each
- Full forward & reverse motor control. Four quadrant operation. Supports regeneration
- Operates from a single 10V-60V power source
- STO- Safe Torque Off support (T-version) Certification No. M6A 104504 0001 Rev. 00
- Design compliant/approval UL 61800-5-1
- Programmable current limit up to 60A per motor for protecting controller, motor, wiring and battery
- Dedicated connector for three quadrature encoders
- Up to eight Analog Inputs for use as command and/or feedback
- Up to eight Pulse Length, Duty Cycle or Frequency Inputs for use as command and/or feedback
- Up to 10 Digital Inputs for use as Deadman Switch, Limit Switch, Emergency stop or user inputs
- Four general purpose 24V, 1.5A output for brake release or accessories
- Selectable min, max, center and dead band in Pulse and Analog modes
- Selectable exponentiation factors for each command inputs
- Trigger action if Analog, Pulse or Encoder counter capture are outside user selectable range (soft limit switches)
- Open loop or closed loop speed control operation



- Closed loop position control with encoder, analog or pulse/ frequency feedback
- Torque mode
- PID control loop
- Built-in Battery Voltage and Temperature sensors
- Optional backup power input for powering safely the controller if the main motor batteries are discharged
- Power Control wire for turning On or Off the controller from external microcomputer or switch
- No consumption by output stage when motors stopped
- Regulated 5V output for powering RC radio, RF Modem, sensors or microcomputer
- Separate Programmable acceleration and deceleration for each motor
- Ultra-efficient 2.0 mOhm ON resistance MOSFETs
- Selectable triggered action if Amps is outside user- selected range
- Short circuit protection

- Overvoltage and Undervoltage protection
- Watchdog for automatic motor shutdown in case of command loss
- Overtemperature protection
- Diagnostic LED
- ABS plastic enclosure with heat conducting bottom plate
- Efficient heat sinking. Operates without a fan in most applications.
- Dustproof and weather resistant. IP40 rating
- Power wiring 0.25" Faston tabs
- 5.5" (139.7mm) L, 5.5" W (139.7mm), 1.0" (25mm) H
- -40° to +85° C operating environment
- 1 lbs (500g)
- Easy configuration, tuning and monitor using provided PC utility
- Field upgradeable software for installing latest features via the Internet Orderable Product References

Orderable Product References

Reference	Number of Channels	Amps/Channel	Volts	Ethernet	Resolver
FDC3260	3	60	60	No	No
FDC2360T	3	60	60	No	Yes
FDC2360E	3	60	60	Yes	No
FDC2360TE	3	60	60	Yes	Yes



Important Safety Disclaimer

Dangerous uncontrolled motor runaway condition can occur for a number of reasons, including, but not limited to: command or feedback wiring failure, configuration error, faulty firmware, errors in user script or user program, or controller hard- ware failure.

The user must assume that such failures can occur and must make their system safe in all conditions. Roboteq will not be liable in case of damage or injury as a result of product misuse or failure.

Power Wires Identifications and Connection

Power connections are made by means of Faston tabs located at the back of the controller.

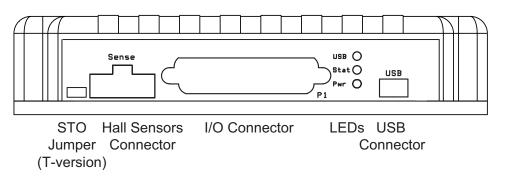


FIGURE 1. FDC3260 Front View

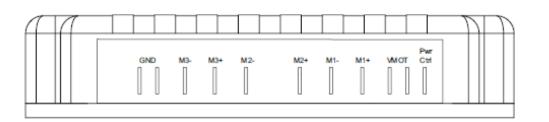


FIGURE 2. FDC3260 Rear View

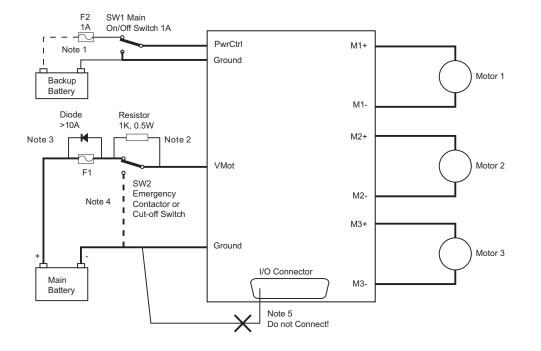


Figure 3, below, shows how to wire the controller and how to turn power On and Off.

FIGURE 3. Powering the Controller. Thick lines identify MANDATORY connections

Important Warning

Carefully follow the wiring instructions provided in the Power Connection section of the User Manual. The information on this datasheet is only a summary.

Mandatory Connections

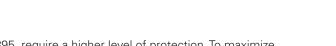
It is imperative that the controller is connected as shown in the above diagram in order to ensure a safe and trouble-free operation. All connections shown as thick black lines line are mandatory. The controller must be powered On/Off using switch SW1on the PwrCtrl tab. Use a suitable high-current fuse F1 (check table 8) as a safety measure to prevent damage to the wiring in case of major controller malfunction.

Emergency Switch or Contactor

The battery must be connected in permanence to the controller's Vmot tabs via a high-power emergency switch or contactor SW2 as additional safety measure. The user must be able to deactivate the switch or contactor at any time, independently of the controller state.

Electrostatic Discharge Protection

In accordance with IEC 61000-6-4, Roboteq Motor Controllers are designed to withstand ESD up to 4kV touch and 8kV air gap. This protection is implemented without any additional external connections required.



Some specifications, such as EN12895, require a higher level of protection. To maximize ESD protection, up to 8kV touch and 15kV air gap, you may connect the metallic heatsink of the controller to your battery negative terminal. <u>See App Note 062918 for example connections.</u>

Precautions and Optional Connections

Note 1: Backup battery to ensure motor operation with weak or discharged batteries, connect a second battery to the Power Control wire/terminal via the SW1 switch.

Note 2: Use precharge 1K, 0.5W Resistor to prevent switch arcing.

Note 3: Insert a high-current diode to ensure a return path to the battery during regeneration in case the fuse is blown.

Note 4: Optionally ground the Vmot tabs when the controller is Off if there is any concern that the motors could be made to spin and generate voltage in excess of 60V.

Note 5: Connect the controller's bottom plate to a wire connected to the Earth while the charger is plugged in the AC main, or if the controller is powered by an AC power supply. Note 6: Be sure not to create a path from the ground pins on the I/O connector and the battery minus terminal.

Use of Safety Contactor for Critical Applications

An external safety contactor must be used in any application where damage to property or injury to person can occur because of uncontrolled motor operation resulting from failure in the controller's power output stage.

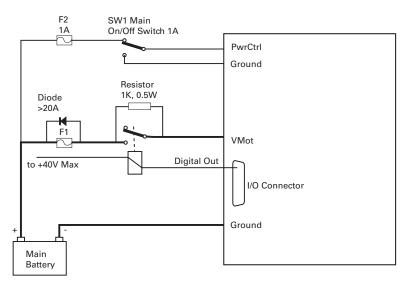


FIGURE 4. Contactor Wiring Diagram

The contactor coil must be connected to a digital output configured to activate when "No MOSFET Failure". The controller will automatically deactivate the coil if the output is expected to be off and battery current of 1A or more is measured for more than 0.5s. This circuit will not protect against other sources of failure such as those described in the "Important Safety Disclaimer" on page 3.

Controller Mounting

During motor operation, the controller will generate heat that must be evacuated. The published amps rating can only be fully achieved if adequate cooling is provided. Good conduction cooling can be achieved by having the bottom surface of the case making direct contact with a metallic surface (chassis, cabinet). The mounting has to be like that, so that the thermal-safety limits are not exceeded.

Encoder Connection

Connection to the Encoders is done using a special connector on the front side of the controller. The connector is a 10-pin Molex Microfit 3.0, ref. 43025-1000. Pin assignments are in Table 1, below.

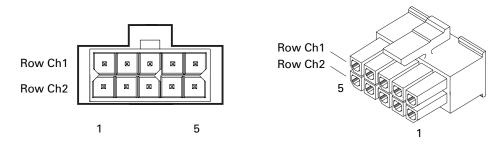


FIGURE 5. Encoder Connector

TABLE 1.

Pin Number	1	2	3	4	5
Row Ch1	5V	Enc3 A	Enc1 B	Enc1 A	Ground
Row Ch2	5V	Enc3 B	Enc2 B	Enc2 A	Ground

Connection to SSI Absolute Encoder

The controller can use motors equipped with absolute angle sensors with SSI interface. When enabled, the SSI signals are found on the 10-pin Molex connector that is otherwise used for the Encoders. The controller issues a differential clock signal and expects a differential data signal from the encoder. When two motors are used, these signals must be connected to both sensors. Serial data from each sensor is captured on separate input pins.

TABLE 3.

Pin Number	1	2	3	4	5
Row 1	5V	CLK –	Data 2 –	Data 1 –	GND
Row 2	5V	Clock +	Data 2 +	Data 1 +	GND

Commands and I/O Connections

Connection to RC Radio, Microcomputer, Joystick and other low current sensors and actuators is done via the DB25 connector. The functions of many pins vary depending on controller model and user configuration. Pin assignments are found in the table below.

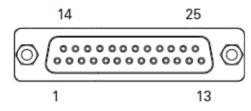


FIGURE 6. Main Connector Pin Locations

TABLE 2.	
onnector Pin	Powe

Connector Pin	Power	Dout	Com	Pulse	Ana	Dinput	Enc (4)	Default Config
1	GND							
14	5VOut							
2			RSTxD					RS232Tx
15				RC1	ANA1	DIN1/STO1 (2)		RCRadio1 (3)
3			RS RxD					RS232Rx
16				RC2	ANA2	DIN2/STO2 (2)		RCRadio2 (3)
4				RC3	ANA3	DIN3		AnaCmd1 (1)
17				RC4	ANA4	DIN4		AnaCmd2 (1)
5	GND							
18		DOUT1						Motor Brake 1
6		DOUT2						Motor Brake 2
19		DOUT3						Contactor
7		DOUT4						Unused
20			CANH					Unused
8			CANL					Unused
21				RC5	ANA5	DIN5	ENC1A	Unused
9						DIN9		Unused
22				RC6	ANA6	DIN6	ENC1B	Unused
10						DIN10		Unused
23			RS485 +					RS485 +
11			RS485 –					RS485 –
24				RC7	ANA7	DIN7	ЕNСЗА	Unused
12				RC8	ANA8	DIN8	ENC3B	Unused
25	5VOut							
13	GND					1		

Note 2: STO functionality only available in T versions. See STO section for details.

Note 3: Pulse input enable by default on firmware version prior to v2.0

Note 4: Enc inputs are activated in DB25 connector in firmware v2.0 or later and only if Molex input is configured as SSI Input. In that case only Enc 1 and Enc 3 can be used and user has to install 1K pull up resistor between each Enc signal and 5VOut.

Default I/O Configuration

While the controller can be configured so that practically any Digital, Analog and RC pin can be used for any purpose, the controller's factory default configuration provides an assignment that is suitable for most applications. Figure 7, below shows how to wire the controller to two analog potentiometers, an RC radio, and the RS232 port. It also shows how to connect two outputs to motor brake solenoids and another output to an external status LED. You may omit any connection that is not required in your application. The controller automatically arbitrates the command priorities depending on the presence of a valid command signal in the following order: 1-RS232, 2-RC Pulse, 3-None. If needed, use the Roborun+ PC Utility to change the pin assignments and the command priority order.

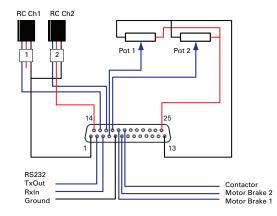


FIGURE 7. Factory Default Pins Assignment

Enabling Analog Commands

For safety reasons, the Analog command mode is disabled by default. To enable the Analog mode, use the PC utility and set Analog in Command Priority 2 or 3 (leave Serial as priority 1). Note that by default the additional securities are enabled and will prevent the motor from starting unless the potentiometer is centered, or if the voltage is below 0.25V or above 4.75V. The drawing shows suggested assignment of Pot 1 to ANA1 and Pot 2 to ANA4. Use the PC utility to enable and assign analog inputs.

USB Communication

Use USB only for configuration, monitoring and troubleshooting. USB is not a reliable communication method when used in an electrically noisy environment. Communication will not always recover after it is lost without unplugging and replugging the connector, or restarting the controller. RS232 is the preferred method of communication when interfacing to a computer. USB and CAN can operate at the same time on the FDC3260. Plugging USB to a computer will not disable the CAN interface.

RS485 Communication

RS485 is an industry standard for defining serial communication. Due to its balanced signalling, RS485 is effective over distances, even if other electrical signals are present. Its stability makes it well suited to connect multiple receivers to a single network.

You can operate RS485 in half-duplex mode and it is well suited for use with the Modbus protocol. On the 25-pin connector, RS485+ and RS485- pins are present.

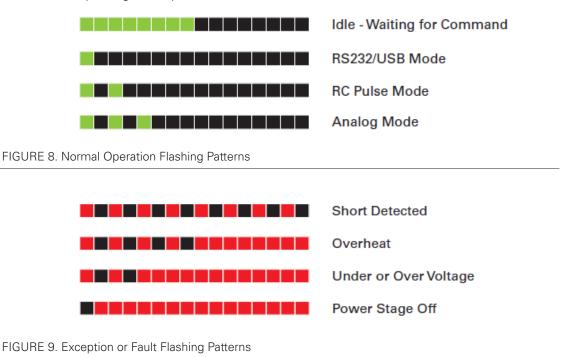


Ethernet Communication

Ethernet communication is currently only available on the E versions of applicable Roboteq product. There is a connection port on the top of the unit for easy and rapid access. While the TCP and Modbus TCP protocols are supported, Serial is the preferred method to access all native commands.

Status LED Flashing Patterns

After the controller is powered on, the Power LED will tun on, indicating that the controller is On. The Status LED will be flashing at a 2 seconds interval. The flashing pattern provides operating or exception status information.



Additional status information may be obtained by monitoring the controller with the PC utility.

Battery Backed Clock and RAM

The battery backed clock and variables feature allows accurate time/date stamping of information such as status and error reports. It is important to note that the only Roboteq products that include this feature are ones that specifically say that battery backed clock is a product feature. If your Roboteq product has displayed time/date information but the product does not specifically list the battery backed clock as a feature, then the information displayed is random and not accurate.

The location of the battery is dependent on the product. However, any Roboteq product with this feature will run it on a 3V, 12.5mm coin style battery. The clock is accessible via the ^BEE commands and user input variables will remain even if the unit is powered off.

Please Note: Customers will be required to install the battery for the clock (type BR-1225), themselves. Units do not ship with the battery for the Battery Backed Clock, installed.

Safe Torque Off - STO (Certification No. M6A 104504 0001 Rev 00)

Safe Torque Off is a safe method for switching controller in a state where no torque is generated, regardless whether the controller is operating normally or is faulty. When STO is enabled, two digital inputs, DIN1 and DIN2 are remapped as STO1 and STO2. The inputs are redundant and both must have a 6V to 30V signal present at the same time in order for the Power MOSFETs to be energized. The controller will perform a self-check of the STO circuit at every power on and every time the STO inputs go from any state to both high. Once the STO hardware is verified to work, the controller will safely allow the motors to be energized. If either input is below 1V, the controller's outputs will be disabled. The STO circuit is verified and validated and can therefore be trusted instead of external relays. See <u>STO Manual</u> for more information and maintenance instructions.

By factory default STO functionality is disabled. It must be enabled by removing the jumper located on the controller's PCB. STO functionality is only available in the T version of the controller.

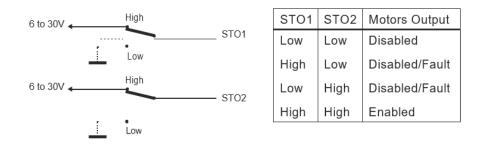


Figure 10. STO input levels effects on controller output

The STO function is compliant to:

- IEC 61800-5-2:2007, SIL 3
- IEC 61508:2010, SIL 3
- IEC 62061:2005, SIL 3
- ISO 13849-1:2015, Category 3 Performance Level e

Important Warning

Activating STO does lead to no more torque generation on the motor. The motor will not be actively stopped but run out. In case of a multiple fault in the power stage a rotation might occur.



Secure Connection to AMP FASTON™ Tabs

Power Motor and Battery connections are made via standard 250mils (6.35mm) AMP FASTON Tabs. FASTON connectors provide a high current and very secure connection, proven over decades of use in the automotive industry. For maximum current handling, use connectors for AWG8 wires.

FASTON connectors have an extremely tight fit and will not come off on their own. It is recommended, nevertheless, that the wiring is made so that the cables are never pulling the connector outward.

Frequent disconnects and reconnects will eventually loosen the connector's grip on the tab. If frequent disconnection is required, consider using Positive Lock connectors from TE Connectivity or their equivalent. These connectors have a spring-loaded tab latch pin that will lock into the hole of the male tab.

Electrical Specifications

Absolute Maximum Values

The values in the table below should never be exceeded, permanent damage to the controller may result.

Parameter	Measure point	Min	Typical	Max	Units
Battery Leads Voltage	Ground to Vmot			60 (1)	Volts
Reverse Voltage on Battery Leads	Ground to Vmot	-1			Volts
Power Control Voltage	Ground to Pwr Control wire			60 (1)	Volts
Motor Leads Voltage	Ground to U, V, W wires			60 (1)	Volts
Digital Output Voltage	Ground to Output pins			30	Volts
Analog and Digital Inputs Voltage	Ground to any signal pin on DB25 & Encoder inputs			30	Volts
RS232 I/O pins Voltage	External voltage applied to Rx/Tx pins			30 (2)	Volts
Case Temperature	Case	-40		85	°C
Humidity	Case			100 (3)	%
Note 1: Can be even higher becaus other fixed source	e of regeneration voltage. Never	r inject a	DC voltage	from a ba	attery or
Note 2: No voltage must be applied	l on Tx pin				
Note 3: Non condensing					

TABLE 3.

Power Stage Electrical Specifications (at 25°C ambient)

ТΔ	RΙ	F	Δ
IA	υL		4.

Parameter	Measure point	Model	Min	Тур	Max	Units
Input Voltage	Ground to Vmot	All	0 (1)		60	Volts
Input continuous Max Current	Power source current	All			80	Amps
Output Voltage	Ground to U, V, W wires	All	0 (1)		60 (2)	Volts
Power Control Voltage	Ground to Power Control wire	All	0 (1)		65	Volts
Minimum Operating Voltage	VBat or PwrCtrl wires	All	10 (3)			Volts
Over Voltage protection range	Ground to Vmot	All	5	60 (4)	63	Volts
Under Voltage protection range	Ground to Vmot	All	0	5 (4)	63	Volts
Idle Current Consumption	Vmot or PwrCtrl wires	All	50	100 (5)	150	mA
ON Resistance (Excluding wire resistance)	Vmot to U, V or W. Ground to U, V or W			2.5		mOhm
Max Current for 30s	Motor current				60	Amps
Continuous Max Current per channel	Motor current				40 (6)	Amps
Current Limit range	Motor current		10	50 (7)	60	Amps
Stall Detection Amps range	Motor current		10	60 (7)	60	Amps
Stall Detection timeout range	Motor current	All	1	500 (8)	65000	msec
Short Circuit Detection threshold (9)	Between Motor wires or Between Motor wires and ground or Between Motor wires and Vmot				125 (10)	Amps
Motor Acceleration/ Deceleration range	Motor Output	All	100	500(11)	65000	msec
Power cable thickness	Power input and output	All		8		AWG
Note 1: Negative voltage will cause a inversion is possible	a large surge current. Prote	ction fuse	e neede	d if batter	y polarity	Ý
Note 2: Can be even higher because other fixed source	of regeneration voltage. N	ever injec	t a DC v	voltage fro	om a bat	tery or
Note 3: Minimum voltage must be p	resent on VBat or Power Co	ontrol wir	е			
Note 4: Factory default value. Adjust	able in 0.1V increments					
Note 5: Current consumption is lower	when higher voltage is appli	ed to the	controlle	er's VBat c	or PwrCtr	wires
Note 6: Estimate. Limited by case te	mperature. Current may be	higher v	vith bett	er cooling	g	
Note 7: Factory default value. Adjust	able in 0.1A increments					
Note 8: Factory default value. Time ir	n ms that Stall current mus	t be exce	eded fo	r detectio	n	
Note 9: Controller will stop until zero	command given in case of	short cir	cuit det	ection		
Note 10: Approximate value						
Noto 11: Eastery default value Time	in ma far navvar ta da fran	0 to 100	0/			

Note 11: Factory default value. Time in ms for power to go from 0 to 100%

Command, I/O and Sensor Signals Specifications

TARI F	5
IADEE	υ.

Parameter	Measure point	Min	Тур	Max	Units
Main 5V Output Voltage	Ground to 5V pins on	4.6	4.9	5.2	Volts
5V Output Current	5V pins on RJ45 and DSub15			200 (1)	mA
Encoder resolution	Encoder inputs			128	PPR
Digital Output Voltage	Ground to Output pins			30	Volts
Output On resistance	Output pin to ground		0.25	0.5	Ohm
Output Short circuit threshold	Output pin	1.7		3.5	Amps
Digital Output Current	Output pins, sink current			1.5	Amps
Input Impedances (except DIN11-19)	AIN/DIN Input to Ground		53		kOhm
Digital Input 0 Level	Ground to Input pins	-1		1	Volts
Digital Input 1 Level	Ground to Input pins	3		30	Volts
Analog Input Range	Ground to Input pins	0		5.1	Volts
Analog Input Precision	Ground to Input pins		0.5		%
Analog Input Resolution	Ground to Input pins		1		mV
Encoder Frequency	-			500	kHz
Pulse durations	Pulse inputs	20000		10	us
Pulse repeat rate	Pulse inputs	50		250	Hz
Pulse Capture Resolution	Pulse inputs		1		us
Frequency Capture	Pulse inputs	100		1000	Hz
Note 1: Sum of all 5VOut outputs					

Operating & Timing Specifications

TABLE 6.

Parameter	Measure Point	Min	Тур	Max	Units			
Command Latency	Command to output change	0	0.5	1	ms			
PWM Frequency	Motor Output	10	16	25	kHz			
Closed Loop update rate	Internal		1000		Hz			
RS232 baud rate	Rx &Tx pins		115200 (1)		Bits/s			
RS232 Watchdog timeout	Rx pin	1 (2)		65000	ms			
Note 1: 115200, 8-bit, no parity, 1 stop bit, no flow control								
Note 2: May be disabled with	Note 2: May be disabled with value 0							

Scripting

TABLE 7.

Parameter	Measure Point	Min	Тур	Max	Units
Scripting Flash Memory	Internal		32K		Bytes
Max Basic Language programs	Internal	2000		3000	Lines
Integer Variables	Internal		4096		Words (1)
Boolean Variables	Internal		8192		Symbols
Execution Speed	Internal	50 000	100 000		Lines/s
Note 1: 32-bit words					

Thermal Specifications

TABLE 8.

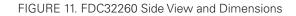
Parameter	Measure Point	Min	Тур	Мах	Units
Case Temperature	Case	-40		85 (1)	°C
Thermal Protection range	Case	80		90 (2)	°C
Power Dissipation	Case			70	Watts
Thermal resistance	Power MOSFETs to case			0.6	°C/W
Humidity	Case			95	%
Ambient temperature	Ambient			55	°C
Pollution Degree	-	PD 2	PD 2		
Fast fuse to install	(3)	40		2 x 40	Amps
Overload motor protection	-	Check r	Check note 4		
Note 1: Thermal protection	will protect the controller powe	r			
Note 2: Max allowed power	out starts lowering at minimur	m of range, dov	vn to 0 at	max of ran	ige
be installed. Power source r	ne channel install 40A fuse and nust be capable to blow the fu ise should be installed in both	se instantly in o	case of sh		
Note 4: Current limiting me used if required (provided b	chanism available through firmv y user)	ware. External o	overload r	motor prote	ection can b

Mechanical Specifications

Weight	Board	500 (1)	g (lbs)
Power Connectors width	Terminal tab	0.25	Inches

Electrical Specifications





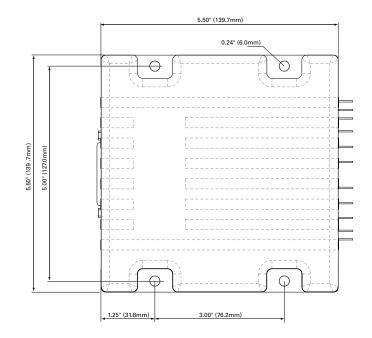


FIGURE 12. Top View and Dimmensions

Revision history

Revision	Date	Additions/Changes
1.1	August 29, 2019	STO & UL certifications changes

RoboteQ